

SYLLABUS

1. Information regarding the programme

1.1 Higher education institution	Babeş-Bolyai University
1.2 Faculty	Faculty of Biology and Geology
1.3 Department	Department of Molecular Biology and Biotechnology
1.4 Field of study	Biology
1.5 Study cycle	Master
1.6 Study programme / Qualification	Bioinformatics applied in life sciences

2. Information regarding the discipline

2.1 Name of the discipline (en)	Biological networks and systems						
(ro)	Rețele biologice și sisteme						
2.2 Course coordinator	Assist. prof. László Zoltán, PhD						
2.3 Seminar coordinator	Assist. prof. László Zoltán, PhD						
2.4. Year of study	2	2.5 Semester	3	2.6. Type of evaluation	E	2.7 Type of discipline	Elective
2.8. Code of the discipline	BMR1138						

3. Total estimated time (hours/semester of didactic activities)

3.1 Hours per week	4	Of which: 3.2 course	2	3.3 seminar/laboratory	2
3.4 Total hours in the curriculum	56	Of which: 3.5 course	28	3.6 seminar/laboratory	28
Time allotment:	hours				
Learning using manual, course support, bibliography, course notes	24				
Additional documentation (in libraries, on electronic platforms, field documentation)	18				
Preparation for seminars/labs, homework, papers, portfolios and essays	16				
Tutorship	8				
Evaluations	4				
Other activities:					
3.7 Total individual study hours	70				
3.8 Total hours per semester	126				
3.9 Number of ECTS credits	5				

4. Prerequisites (if necessary)

4.1. curriculum	
4.2. competencies	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Average computer skills

5. Conditions (if necessary)

5.1. for the course	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Beamer • Online meeting platform
5.2. for the seminar /lab activities	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Attendance of a minimum of 90% of practical/ seminar classes, • Computers, specific development environment

6. Specific competencies acquired

Professional competencies	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Develop an understanding of how networks control biological processes and how they evolve in response to external factors as well as evolutionary processes. • Descriptions of the algorithms and methods by which biological networks can be studied, with the use of computer code.
Transversal competencies	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Efficient conduct of activities organized in an interdisciplinary group • Using the specific concepts of network biology to interpret the results or solve theoretical and experimental problems

7. Objectives of the discipline (outcome of the acquired competencies)

7.1 General objective of the discipline	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Description of analytical methods and downstream data processing, integration and visualization regarding biological networks
7.2 Specific objective of the discipline	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Description of main techniques, data acquisition and processing strategies • Understanding the principles underlying the biological networks • Knowledge of main types of biological networks • Applying tools for data processing and visualization regarding biological networks

8. Content

8.1 Course	Teaching methods	Remarks
Introduction	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Interactive exposure • Presentation • Explanation • Practical examples • Case-study discussions 	
Graph theory		
Random and non – random networks		
Different network types and their use in biology		
Evolving networks and models		
Degree correlations		
Network robustness and stability		
Communities as networks		
Spreading phenomena		
Bibliography <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Barabási, A. L. (2013). Network science. In Philosophical Transactions of the Royal Society A: Mathematical, Physical and Engineering Sciences (Vol. 371, Issue 1987). https://doi.org/10.1098/rsta.2012.0375 2. May, R. M. (1972). Will a large complex system be stable? Nature, 238(5364). https://doi.org/10.1038/238413a0 3. May, R. M. (2001). Stability and Complexity in Model Ecosystems. In The Journal of Animal Ecology (Vol. 44, Issue 3). Princeton University Press. https://doi.org/10.1515/9780691206912 4. Newman, M. E. J., Barabási, A. L., & Watts, D. J. (2011). The structure and dynamics of networks. In The Structure and Dynamics of Networks (Vol. 9781400841356). https://doi.org/10.1007/s10955-006-9267-8 5. PIMM, S. L., & LAWTON, J. H. (1978). On feeding on more than one trophic level. Nature, 275(5680), 542–544. https://doi.org/10.1038/275542a0 		
8.2 Seminar / laboratory		
Introduction to R	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Interactive exposure • Explanation • Conversation • Practical demonstration 	
Network generation using R		
Network topology and metrics		
Network dynamics		
Lotka-Volterra models		
Simulations, stability and complexity		

